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Agenda

- 1. 2023 Operational Highlights
- 2. 2023 Operational Overview
- 3. Research and Development
 - □ ONIVYDE®
 - □ PEP07
- 4. Vision for 2024
- 5. Q&A



2023 Operational Highlights-Keep Delivering Sustainable Growth and Enhanced Value



Commercial

ONIVYDE® market and new indication expansion

- Taiwan FDA sNDA submission (PharmaEngine)
- EMA Type II Variation submission (Servier)
- 3. US FDA sNDA approval received on February 13, 2024 (IPSEN)



Pipeline

New project R&D progress accelerated

- 1. Phase 1 clinical studies of PEP07 for hematologic and solid tumor cancers continue.
- Multiple projects meet expectations with external AI/CADD collaboration
- 3. >20% regular operation revenue as R&D expense



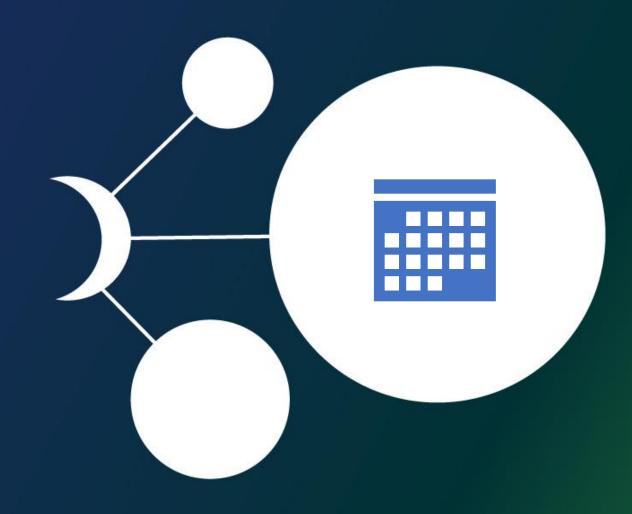
Operation

Operation with a sustainable growth

- 1. Approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs as a "Biotech and Pharmaceutical Company"
- 2. FY 2023 cash and cash equivalents and current financial assets at amortised cost: NT\$36.3 bn
- Completed the scope 1&2
 emissions data collection, analysis
 and third-party assurance



2023 Operational Overview



Sales and Royalties Drives Long-term Growth



NT\$(000)

Items Year	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 YTD YoY (%)
Taiwan Sales	40,651	87,384	180,389	214,828	235,469	277,594	278,547 (0%)
Royalties from Europe and Asia	63,526	109,825	133,651	271,584	419,366	376,789	426,652 (+13)
Milestone	749,500	96,221	0	569,600	0	0	62,470 (+100%)
Total	853,677	293,430	314,040	1,056,012	654,835	654,383	767,669 (+17%)

2023 Financial Results



NT\$(000)	FY2023	1Q-3Q 2022	Amount Change	% Change
Operating revenue	767,669	654,383	113,286	17%
Operating costs	48,697	49,699	(1,002)	(2%)
Gross profit	718,972	604,684	114,288	19%
Sales expenses	38,538	45,104	(6,566)	(15%)
G&A expenses	92,970	94,960	(1,990)	(2%)
R&D expenses	310,281	181,881	128,400	71%
Total operating expenses	441,789	321,945	119,844	37%
Operating income	277,183	282,739	(5,556)	(2%)
Total non-operating income and expenses	60,791	109,726	(48,935)	(45%)
Income before income tax	337,974	392,465	(54,491)	(14%)
Income tax expense	63,324	73,682	(10,358)	(14%)
Profit for the period	274,650	318,783	(44,133)	(14%)
EPS(NT\$)	1.91	2.22	(0.31)	(14%)

Research and Development

ONIVYDE® 1L PDAC NDA submission status

First patient dosed in PEP07 phase 1 for hematologic cancers

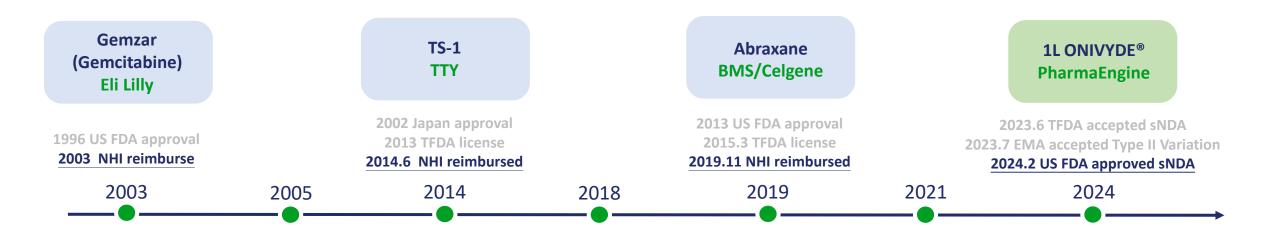
PEP07 phase 1 for solid cancer approved by TFDA

Multiple projects in collaboration with external AI/CADD



Development of Pancreatic Cancer Therapy in Taiwan





Traceva (Erlotinib) Roche

2005 US FDA approval

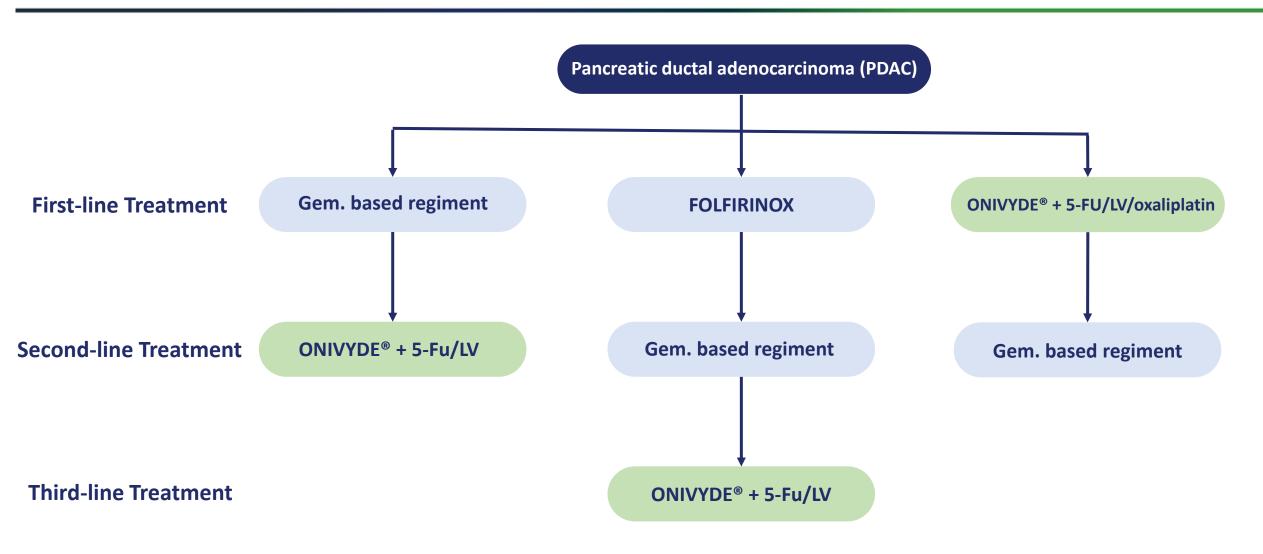
2L ONIVYDE® PharmaEngine

2015.10 US FDA approval 2016.4 TFDA license 2018.8 NHI reimbursed **FOLFIRINOX**

2020.8 TFDA Indication 2021.5 NHI reimbursed

Taiwan PDAC Therapy Market Analysis





PEP07 – Potential Best in Class CHK1 Inhibitor

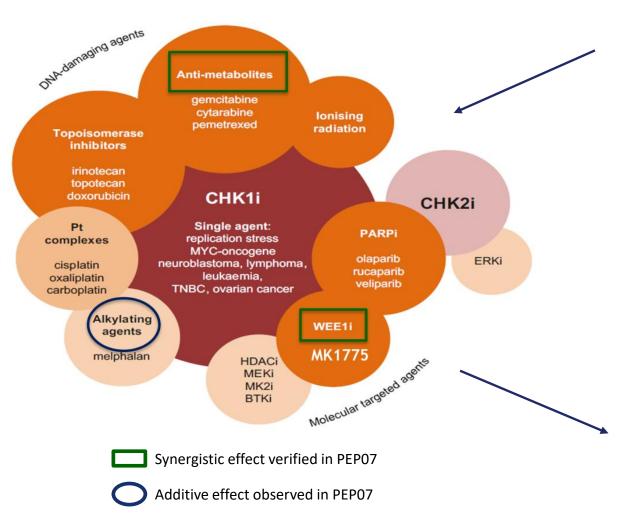


PEP07 is a brain penetrating oral inhibitor which is more potent and selective than the competitors.

	Drug	Stage	Potency	Selectivity	Oral Bioavailability
Acrivon (Eli Lily)	Prexasertib	Ph II			
Genetech	GDC-0575	Discontinued			
GSK (Sierra Oncology)	SRA-737	Ph I / II (Complete)			
Esperas Pharma	LY2880070	Ph I / II (Complete)			
PharmaEngine	PEP07	Ph I			
Excellent	Good	Fair	P	oor	Unknown

PEP07 for Potential Combination Therapies





In vitro Combo Treatment

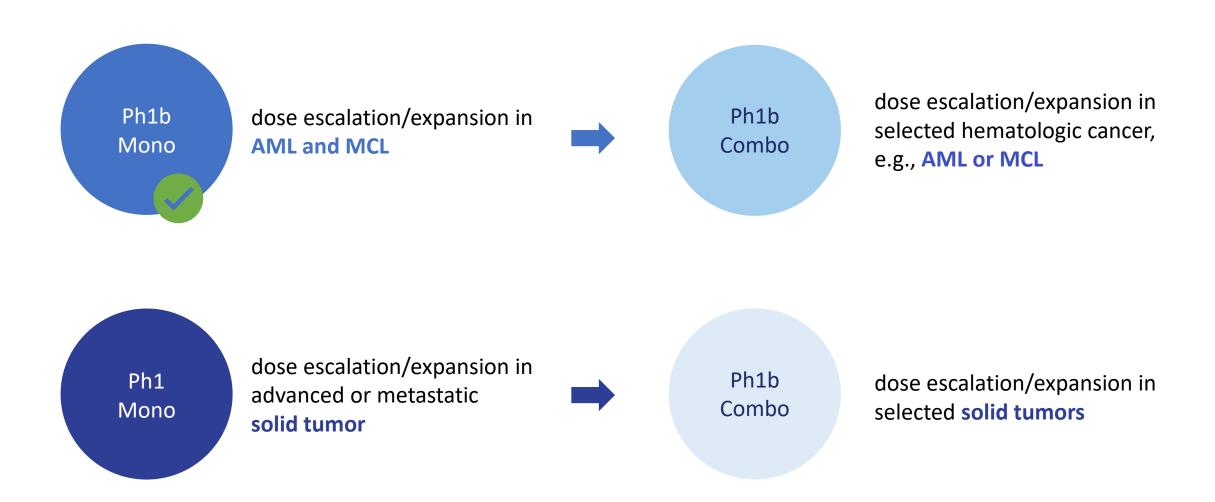
SoC agents	Indication	Cell line
Ara-C	AML	MV4-11 / THP-1
Gemcitabine	NSCLC	NCI-H1703
5-Fu	Esophagus	KYSE-270
5-Fu	Stomach	MKN-45, SNU-16, SNU-5,
5-Fu	CRC	DLD-1, HT-29, SW480
TMZ	Brain	IMR-32
Sorafenib	RCC	A498

Green: Synergism; Blue: Additivity

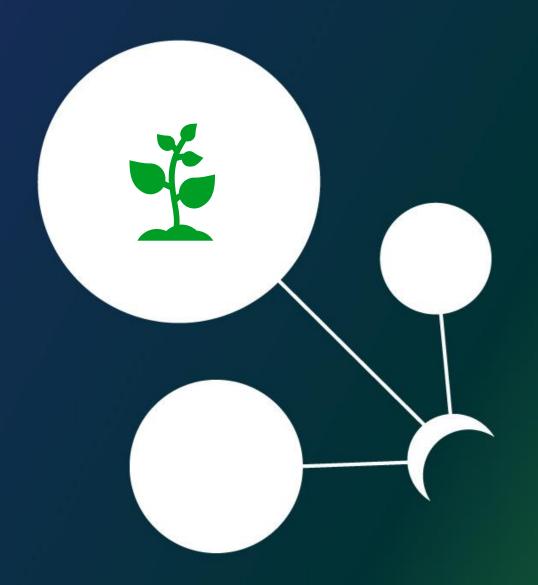
Clinical Trial Designs and Indications Guidance

PEP07 Early-Stage Clinical Development Strategy



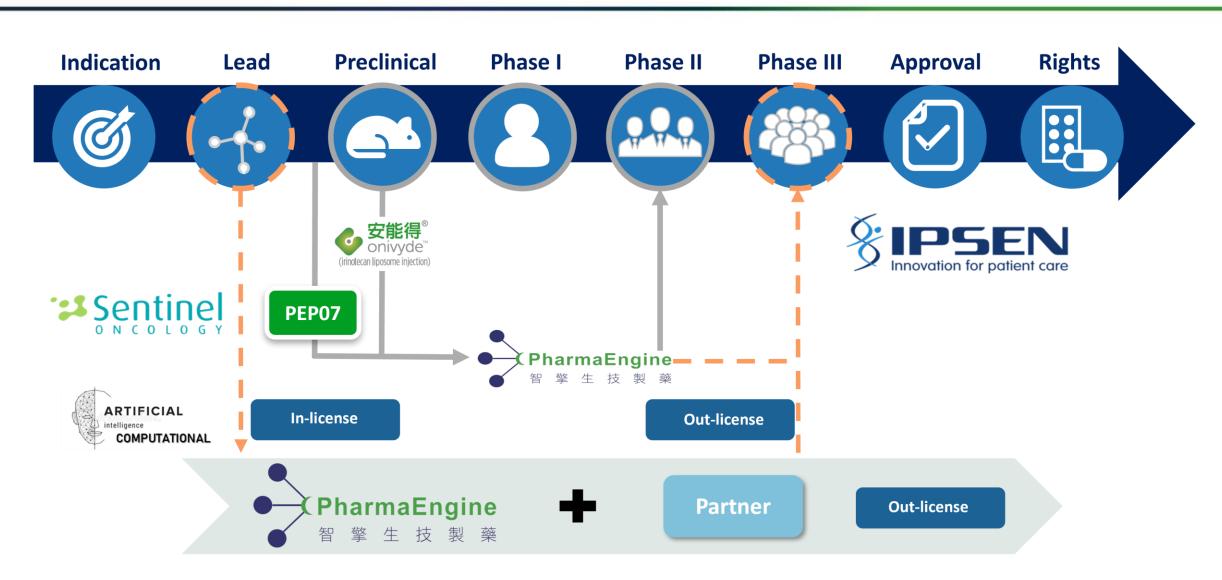


Vision for 2024



Virtual Pharmaceutical Company Business Model





Pipeline Portfolio Focus on Precision Oncology

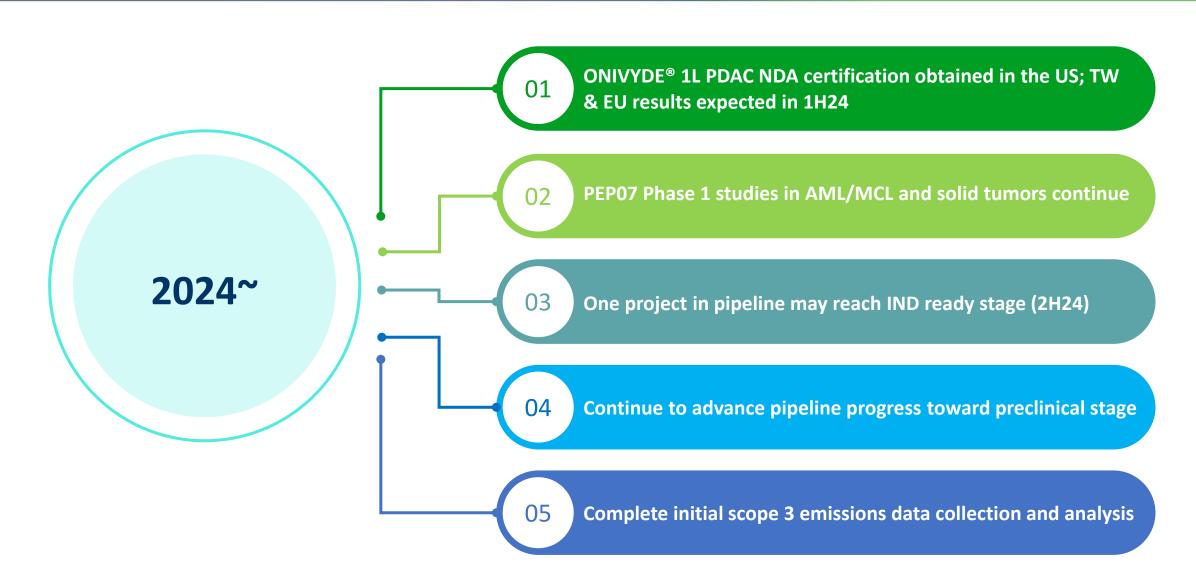




DDR: DNA Damage Response (BRCA ½, CHK ½, Wee1, etc...)

Continuous Advancement of Pipelines and ESG Activities





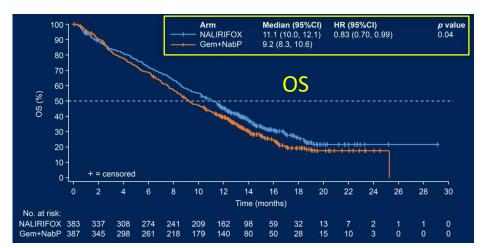


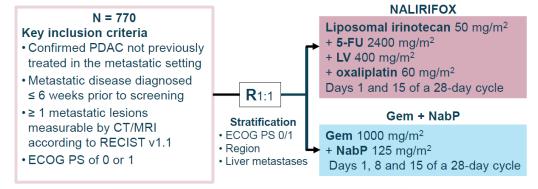
NAPOLI-3

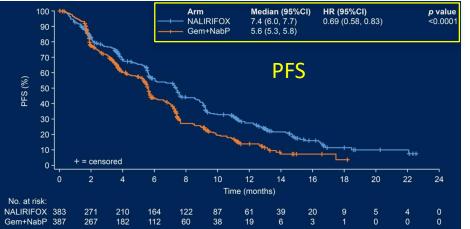
A randomized, Open Label Phase 3 Study of Liposomal Irinotecan + 5-FU/LV + Oxaliplatin (NALIRIFOX) versus Nab-Paclitaxel + Gemecitabine in Treatment-naïve Patients with Metastatic Pancreatic Ductal Adenocarcinoma

PharmaEngine 智 擎 生 技 製 藥

- ♦ NALIRIFOX (n = 383) vs. Gem + NabP (n = 387), 770 patients enrolled
- Study endpoints:
 - Primary endpoint OS (Overall Survival)
 - > Secondary endpoints PFS (Progression Free Survival), ORR (Objective Response Rate)
- First Patient Enrolled: Feb. 2020; Data cut-off: July 23, 2022
- Topline results presented in 2023 ASCO GI







♦ Conclusion

- > The NALIRIFOX regimen met its primary endpoint demonstrating a statistically significant improvement in OS of 11.1 in months compared to 9.2 months for patients treated with Gem + NabP (HR 0.83 [95% CI 0.70–0.99]; p=0.04).
- > The trial met its secondary endpoint showing patients treated with NALIRIFOX had a statistically significant improvement in mPFS of 7.4 months versus 5.6 months for Gem + NabP (p < 0.0001); ORR was 41.8% (36.8%-46.9%; 95% CI) for patients treated with the NALIRIFOX versus 36.2% with Gem + NabP (31.4%-41.2%; 95% CI).
- > Overall, the safety profile of NALIRIFOX in NAPOLI 3 was manageable. No new safety concerns with the NALIRIFOX regimen were identified.